

(6) item 950.12 is divided into two items and is amended to read as follows:

Articles containing over 5.5 percent by weight of butterfat, the butterfat content of which is commercially extractable, or which are capable of being used for any edible purpose (except articles provided for in subparts A, B, C or item 118.30, of part 4, Schedule 1, and except articles imported packaged for distribution in the retail trade and ready for use by the purchaser at retail for an edible purpose or in the preparation of an edible article):

950.12 Over 45 percent by weight of butterfat----- NONE

950.13 Over 5.5 percent but not over 45 percent by weight of butterfat and classifiable for tariff purposes under item 182.91:

For the 12-month period ending December 31, 1967:

AUSTRALIA ----- the quantity entered on or before June 30, 1967, plus 1,120,000 pounds

BELGIUM and DENMARK

OTHER ----- NONE
(aggregate) ----- the quantity entered on or before June 30, 1967, plus 170,000 pounds

For each subsequent 12-month period:

AUSTRALIA ----- 2,240,000 pounds

BELGIUM and DENMARK

OTHER ----- NONE
(aggregate) ----- 340,000 pounds

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Seal of the United States of America to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 30th day of June in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and sixty-seven, and of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and ninety-first.



Lyndon B. Johnson

By the President:

Dean Rusk

Secretary of State.

Proclamation 3791

WORLD LAW DAY, 1967

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

July 3, 1967

Our Nation is committed to the Rule of Law. A government of laws, rather than of men, is the very essence of our society.

The Rule of Law, in our tradition, demands that

- Men be entitled to the government and the representatives of their choice.
- No citizen be above the law.
- Justice be administered by an independent judicial system.
- Disputes be fairly resolved by peaceful means.

We wish that relations among nations, as among individual citizens, were always governed by the Rule of Law—that disputes among nations were always adjudicated peacefully—that nations could learn to live with their differences as law-abiding neighbors.

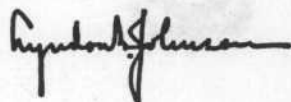
One step in making this vision a reality is the joining together of the best judicial and legal minds of many nations. Many men of such eminence will assemble in Geneva on July 10, 1967, for the World Conference of World Peace Through Law. While other meetings will command more headlines, none will meet for a more important purpose.

It is especially fitting in these times of strife that we salute those who seek to establish the Rule of Law as a standard for the world.

Our best wishes are with this conference, as it assembles to promote the role of law and legal institutions in the resolution of international disputes and the maintenance of world peace. We join our fellow men throughout the world in reaffirming our commitment to the principles of international justice—and our hope that all men may find the wisdom to implement them.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, LYNDON B. JOHNSON, President of the United States of America, in order to advance the great goal of achieving and securing world peace, do hereby proclaim July 10, 1967, as World Law Day, and I call upon all public and private officials, members of the legal profession, citizens, and all men of good will to demonstrate the importance of the law in mankind's quest for world peace by appropriate observances and ceremonies in courts, schools, universities, and other public places.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this third day of July in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and sixty-seven, and of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and ninety-first.



Proclamation 3792

COPYRIGHT EXTENSION: GERMANY

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

July 12, 1967

68 Stat. 1030.

WHEREAS the President is authorized, in accordance with the conditions prescribed in Section 9 of Title 17 of the United States Code, which includes the provisions of the act of Congress approved March 4, 1909, 35 Stat. 1075, as amended by the act of September 25, 1941, 55 Stat. 732, to grant an extension of time for fulfillment of the conditions and formalities prescribed by the copyright laws of the United States of America, with respect to works first produced or published outside the United States of America and subject to copyright or to renewal